Redi*Sep*[®] C-18 reversed phase column

Purification of ionic compounds

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Chromatography Application Note AN56

Overview

Purification of highly polar compounds by flash chromatography is generally difficult and lengthy when using normal phase silica gel as the stationary phase.

C-18 reversed-phase media is widely used in HPLC instruments for analytical separations of most classes of organic compounds including polar ones. C-18 reversed-phase flash chromatography pre-packed columns have recently become available to synthetic organic chemists for convenient preparative separations with automated flash chromatography instrumentation.

This application describes the purification of a mixture of ionic compounds using Teledyne Isco's Redi*Sep* C-18 reversed phase column as the stationary phase.

Background

For background information, please refer to Chromatography Application Note AN50.

Results and Discussion

The separation of a mixture of pyrrolidinium (A) and piperidinium chlorides (B) was investigated:

Flash chromatography of the ionic mixture on C-18 reversed phase 13g Redi*Sep* column separated the products with water + 0.1% TFA/acetonitrile+ 0.1% TFA as the mobile phase (Figure 1).

A default solvent gradient—acetonitrile solvent composition progressing directly from 0 to 100%—was unable to separate these two compounds. Therefore a solvent gradient containing an isocratic plateau was used to successfully separate this ionic mixture.

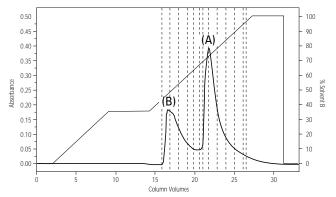


Figure 1: Ionic mixture chromatogram on C-18 reversed phase Redi*Sep* column with water + 0.1% TFA/acetonitrile + 0.1% TFA

LC-MS is an analytical technique routinely used for sample analysis which can also serve as a method development technique prior to preparative scale separation.

Provided that adequate separation is observed, LC-MS conditions of crude reaction mixture can easily be transposed to a Combi $Flash^{\otimes}$ automated flash chromatography instrument for full batch separation. If LC-MS is not routinely used, other method development techniques are available.

When TLC plates are available for a stationary phase under consideration, method development would begin by investigating whether an exploitable optimal selectivity can be obtained. TLC trials are run on the corresponding TLC plates using various solvent systems. Without TLC plates, method development consists of running small scale purifications using Redi*Sep* columns on a Combi*Flash* automated flash chromatography instrument. Sample sizes are kept small, *e.g.* 10–20 mg, to avoid committing the full sample batch. The smallest size specialty media Redi*Sep* column being considered is examined with various solvent systems.

Once mobile and stationary phases for optimal sample separation have been identified, the full sample batch can then be subjected using the appropriate column size with respect to the crude sample quantity and the resolution observed during method development.

About Teledyne Isco C-18 Reversed-phase Redi*Sep* columns, cartridges and TLC plates

Teledyne Isco C-18 Reversed-phase RediSep columns are available in 4.3g, 13g, 43g, 130g and 360g sizes with a recommended loading capacity between 0.1% and 0.5%. The recommended column equilibration is 7 column volumes. 0.1% TFA is routinely added to the solvents used with C-18 RediSep columns.

C-18 Reversed-phase Redi*Sep* columns are reusable up to 25–30 times if used with fully worked-up crude reaction mixture (filtration of solids, neutralized and extracted) and if stored using one of the following solvents after use: ethanol, methanol, or 80% acetonitrile + 20% water.

C-18 Reversed-phase Redi*Sep* pre-packed cartridges are convenient to use when injecting via solid sample loading technique especially in situations when sample solubility is limited.

C-18 Reversed-phase Redi*Sep* TLC plates are available for method development purposes.

Experimental

Table 1: Method Parameters and Results

Instrumentation:	Teledyne Isco Combi <i>Flash</i> ® Companion® 4x	
Column	Two stacked 13g C-18 Reversed Phase Redi <i>Sep</i>	
Sample Loading Method	49 mg pre-loaded on C-18 5g prepacked cartridge	
Wavelength	254 nm	
Mobile phase:	Solvent A:	Solvent B:
	Water + 0.1% TFA	Acetonitrile+ 0.1% TFA
Flow Rate:	15 mL/minute	
Equilibration Volume:	235 mL	
Gradient:	% Solvent B	CV
	0	Initial
	0	2.0
	36	7.0
	36	5.0
	100	13.0
	100	5.0
	80	0.0
	80	2.0

Conclusion

The preparative separation of a mixture of pyrrolidinium and piperidinium chlorides was successfully achieved by using C-18 reversed phase media as the stationary phase.

This application illustrated the use of C-18 reversed phase Redi*Sep* column as a highly practical and efficient tool for the purification of ionic compounds.

Last modified November 9, 2012

